THE NEIGHBOR.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1864.

DISPALY.

Our paper has been delayed by a number of circumstances which have been more or less out of our control. The late state of navigation, Ross, has been the cause.

TRANSIT MEETING.

The monthly meeting of the Association of Technical Officers was held in the hall of the National Academy of Sciences, Washington, D.C., on the 22d of July, A.D. 1864. The following officers were elected: President, Joseph R. Giddings; Vice-President, Horace Greeley, Esq.; Secretary, Henry Ward Beecher, Esq.; Treasurer, Henry W. Longfellow, Esq. The meeting was then adjourned.

CUBA.

The treaty of 1853 between the United States and Cuba was signed at Washington on the 22d of July, A.D. 1864. The treaty is as follows:

ARTICLE I.

The government of the United States and the government of Cuba agree that the said two nations shall be, and forever remain, independent of each other.

ARTICLE II.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such diplomatic representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE III.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such commercial representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE IV.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such consular representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE V.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such military representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE VI.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such naval representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE VII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such railway representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE VIII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such telegraphic representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE IX.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such telegraphical representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE X.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such postal representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XI.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such customs representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such legal representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XIII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such educational representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XIV.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such industrial representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XV.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such agricultural representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XVI.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such mechanical representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XVII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such scientific representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such artistic representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XIX.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such literary representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XX.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such musical representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XXI.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such athletic representatives as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE XXII.

The said two nations shall have the right to establish and maintain such athletic representatives as they may deem necessary.

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ARTICLE XXVIII.

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ARTICLE XXIX.

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ARTICLE XXX.

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